Traumatic Brain Injury -- Hospital Discharges

MASSACHUSETTS RESIDENTS

	INJURY INTENT							
	Uninten- tional	Intentional		Undeter-	Other &	Total	Percent	Rate per
INJURY CAUSE		Self- Inflicted	Assault	mined	Legal ¹	Number	of Total	100,000 ²
Drowning/submersion	0	0	0	0		0	0.0	0.0
Cut/pierce	6	1	13	0		20	0.3	0.3
Fall	3,310	11	3	5		3,329	57.3	51.6
Firearms	1	2	16	1	0	20	0.3	0.3
Machinery	7					7	0.1	0.1
Struck by, against	184		252		2	438	7.5	6.8
Natural/Environmental	7	0		0		7	0.1	0.1
Transport Injuries:	1,522	1	1	0		1,524	26.2	23.6
Motor vehicle traffic-related	1,308	1	1	0		1,310	22.6	20.3
Occupant	869					869	15.0	13.5
Motorcyclist	135					135	2.3	2.1
Pedal Cyclist	53					53	0.9	0.8
Pedestrian	221					221	3.8	3.4
Other person	9					9	0.2	0.1
Unspecified person	21					21	0.4	0.3
Pedal cyclist, other	87					87	1.5	1.3
Pedestrian, other	10					10	0.2	0.2
Other transport	117					117	2.0	1.8
All Other/Unspecified	119	11	94	8	0	232	4.0	3.6
Adverse Effects						0	0.0	0.0
Cause/intent not provided						232	4.0	3.6
TOTALS ⁴	5,156	26	379	14	2	5,809	100	90.1
RATE BY INTENT/per 100,000	79.9	0.4	5.9	0.2				

Source: Massachusetts Hospital Discharge Database, MA Division of Health Care Finance and Policy.

- —Injury subcategories are italicized.
- —Analysis is based on a fiscal year (Oct 1, 2006– Sep 30, 2007).
- —Only Massachusetts residents with valid zip codes are included in this analysis.
- Injury hospitalization cases transferred to another acute care facility or subsequently dying in the hospital, are excluded from this analysis.
- —Data were extracted and compiled by the Injury Surveillance Program, Bureau of Health Information, Statistics, Research and Evaluation, MDPH. (October 2008)

¹ Legal Intervention includes injuries resulting from police actions and operations of war.

² Rates are not calculated on counts of less than five. Rates that are based on counts less than twenty may be unstable. Rates provided here are not age-adjusted and may differ slightly from other department publications.

³ Adverse Effects can be related to medical and surgical care procedures, or to the use of therapeutic substances (including allergic reactions).

⁴ Totals do not include subcategory counts.

[—]An injury hospitalization is defined as any case having an ICD9-CM Nature of Injury Code of 800-999 assigned to any of the ICD9 diagnosis fields [cases having the following codes are excluded if no other valid ICD9-CM code is assigned: Certain Adverse Effects (995.0-995.4, 995.6, 995.8, 995.89), Complications of Surgical & Medical Care (996-999), and certain Late Effects (909.3,909.5)]

[—]Categories and groupings are based on a modified version of the CDC's "Recommended framework of E-code groupings for presenting injury mortality and morbidity data." This framework does not provide for intentionality for certain cause categories as indicated by gray shading.